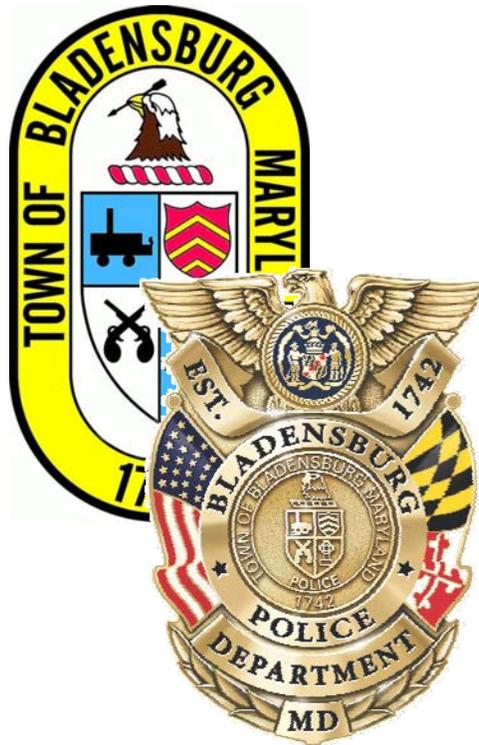


# **Bladensburg Police Department**

**Monthly Report**

**To**

**Mayor & Town Council**



*“Partners With The Community”*

***May 2016***

**Respectfully Submitted by:**

**Charles L. Owens  
Chief of Police**

# Department of Public Safety

## VISION

A recognized and regional leader in providing comprehensive law enforcement services

## MISSION

The Bladensburg Police Department, in partnership with our community, is dedicated to:

- Preventing crime
- Enforcing laws
- Resolving community problems
- Improving the quality of life

## GOALS

**Maximize department effectiveness targeting the reduction of crime**

- Focused deployment of resources
- Target crime analysis strategies toward worst offenders
- Resolve chronic nuisances and criminal activity using code enforcement, public works, training, and community

**Provide outstanding service to our community**

- Recruit and retain a highly qualified, diverse workforce
- Emphasize customer service internally and externally
- Recognize excellent performance and service
- Maintain professional standards through training, leadership, and mentoring

**Identify and prepare resources for successful response to local and regional public safety needs**

- Identify and leverage new technologies to address emerging issues
- Update, implement, and train emergency preparedness plans
- Maintain and develop partnerships to address criminal justice needs

## Accountability Community Integrity Service

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## Safety & Security of Your Property

Did you know that you can directly impact your own safety and the security of your property?

It's true! According to the crime model published by the Department of Justice's Center for Problem Oriented Policing, the three factors needed for a crime to take place are: an offender, a location or place, and a victim or target. If you eliminate one of the elements out of the equation, the crime should not occur. Since it is most difficult to remove the offender, your main focus should be on "hardening" the potential location or place and protecting yourself and your family.

Most violent crimes occur through opportunity, rather than careful planning. There are many ways to make yourself a less desirable target:

### Out and About

- Choose populated places rather than deserted ones.
- Try to avoid being out alone after dark.
- Have a friend accompany you.
- Walk with a dog.
- Be alert to your surroundings.
  - Walk with your head on a "swivel", eyes constantly scanning all around you as you go.
  - Don't wear headphones, as they reduce your sense of hearing and lessen your awareness.
- When approaching your car, have car keys in your hand (these can be used as weapons).
- Carry your bag or purse over the shoulder and hold it close to your body.
- When going for a walk, carry a walking stick.
  - Concealed weapons (knife, gun, pepper spray, etc.) may be useful, but you should check local laws and abide by them. Also consider that concealed weapons will not deter crime. If you carry concealed weapons, be practiced in accessing and using them during stressful situations.
- Choose to walk in open areas if possible.
- Walk with a sense of purpose and try to exude confidence.
- Always carry a cell phone, just in case.

### In the Car

- Upon entering your vehicle, lock it. Do not arrange your purse, laptop, bags while sitting in the car with the door open or unlocked – your attention will be distracted from what is taking place outside your vehicle.
- When placing children into car seats, place your purse in the vehicle on the floor in front of them rather than leaving it on the front seat, in a shopping cart, or hanging from your shoulder.
- Remove keys and personal property such as wallets, purses, electronic devices, etc. from parked vehicles – even ones parked in a garage. If property must be stored in the vehicle, stow it in the trunk, locked glove box, or at least out of sight and LOCK THE VEHICLE.

- Never leave valuables in plain view, even if the vehicle is locked. Loose change can be enough motivation for a break-in.
- Purchase a visible anti-theft device, such as a “club,” to use in your vehicle(s).

### **In a Confrontation**

- Run away while screaming as loud as possible. (“Get away from me! Leave me alone! I don’t know you!”)
- Run towards populated places, such as stores or businesses, rather than into deserted areas.
- If the altercation turns physical, fight hard and long.
  - Don’t be afraid to use teeth, fingernails, elbows, knees and any object as weapons.
  - Fighting “dirty” is only disallowed in sports – if it can save your life, fight dirty!
- NEVER allow yourself to be removed to a different location.
  - If you are forced into a vehicle, try to jump from it when stopped for red lights or in traffic.
  - If all else fails, try to force the vehicle into an accident.
  - If locked in a car trunk, try to open the lock from the inside or disable the tail lights hoping to bring about a traffic stop.
  - If stopped by police, make a lot of noise so they know you are there.
- Don’t allow yourself to be corralled into a back room, bound, gagged or otherwise incapacitated – FIGHT and/or RUN.
- If someone pulls a gun on you, run away as fast as you can, moving side to side as you run. It is very difficult to hit a moving target and more difficult if the potential shooter is also running.
- Don’t try to call the police until the threat is over; spend your energy screaming, fighting and trying to get away, then call the police.

### **At Home**

- Install “bump proof” 2-inch deadbolt locks on all exterior doors.
- Install double-key locks on any door with glass in arm’s reach of the lock mechanism.
- Make a habit of ensuring that all exterior doors are closed and locked each night prior to going to bed.
- Do not hide keys outside of your home, garage or vehicle. If you’re concerned about locking yourself out, install a keypad or leave a spare key with a trusted family member or neighbor.
- Install adequate exterior lighting near all entry doors at least. Consider motion-activated lights near all potential points of entry such as doors, basement windows, etc.
- Ensure that all windows remain locked. Special locks are available that allow windows to remain open without being raised more than a few inches.
- Keep garage doors completely closed and locked when the garage is not in use.
- Think twice before installing pet entry doors – some burglars are very skilled at gaining access through small openings.
- Install burglar/fire/panic alarms in the home if financially feasible. Monitored alarms are best, but any audible alarm will do.
- Dogs are generally good crime deterrents.
- Trim landscaping plants around windows and doors so that these points of entry are visible rather than concealed.
- Do not store valuable property such as lawn mowers, bicycles, etc. in unlocked enclosed or open porches, carports, sheds or garages.
- Do not leave your home unsecured while working in the yard. Even a brief trip from the front to the back yard - or vice versa - provides opportunity for anyone to enter through an open entry or garage door.
- Be cautious and contemplate the potential consequences when considering features such as privacy fences which

obstruct the view of your home or property from the “extra eyes” of neighbors and police.

- Keep an eye on your neighborhood and report suspicious activity, vehicles or persons to the police right away, especially if you know of a current crime trend such as an increase in burglaries or thefts from auto.

## **With Children**

- Instead of saying, “Don’t talk to strangers,” tell children “Don’t talk to people you don’t know.” Children often think of a stranger only as someone who looks mean, bad, dirty, different or disheveled. Teach children that anyone can be a threat.
  - Since it may confuse children that their parents often speak to strangers, explain the difference. Only when their parents are with them, and say it’s OK, are children allowed to talk to adults or older kids they don’t know.
  - The vast majority children are not victimized by strangers but by trusted friends, leaders (teachers, coaches, etc.) or family members.
- Tell your kids to never accept items, gifts, treats, pets, rides, pictures, etc. from an unknown adult or older child.
- Tell your kids to never allow an unknown adult or older kid to approach them and ask them to help out for any reason, such as looking for a lost pet or child, giving directions, doing yard work, etc.
- Tell kids to scream, run away and tell someone if anyone in a car stops and tries to get them to come closer to the car or gets out and approaches them.
- Tell kids to yell “NO!” run away, and tell if any adult or older kid asks them to keep a secret.
- Explain “private areas” (parts covered by their bathing suit) and instruct kids to yell “NO!”, run away, and tell if someone tries to touch, look at or photograph their private areas or tries to get them to touch or look at his/her or someone else’s private areas.
- If there are known sex offenders living in your neighborhood or near your child’s school, it may be a good idea to show your children photos of the offender and tell them, “This person has tricked/hurt children before. If he/she tries to walk up to you or talk to you, yell “NO” and run away, then tell.”
- Be careful to not give too much information. The goal is to educate and empower your child, not scare them.
- Teach kids how and who to ask for help if they are separated from you in a public place. Tell them even though they will be scared, try not to cry so others can understand them.
- Teach your children:
  - Their full names
  - Parents/guardians full names
  - Address
  - Home and cell phone numbers
  - How to use a cell phone
  - How to use a payphone to call 9-1-1
  - How and when to call 9-1-1
  - Practice often until it’s second nature to them
  - A “script” to use in case they are separated from you: My name is (full name) I am lost from my mommy, whose name is (full name). Will you please help me find my mommy? I know her cell phone number if that will help!
- Instruct your children to never allow a stranger to remove them from anywhere if they become separated from you – they should:
  - Kick and fight
  - Scream at the top of their lungs, yelling “Help! I don’t know you! Kidnapper!!”
  - Run away
- Some good choices of people to ask for help are:
  - Uniformed workers

- moms with strollers or other young kids
- Police officers, security guards, firefighters
- Nurses, doctors
- play the “what if” game: What if we got separated here at the store, who would you ask for help? Quizzing and practice actually builds a “script” in their brains so they have something useful to reference during stressful situations.

### **With Pets**

- Use ID methods such as collar tags and microchipping
- Have recent photos of your pet on file as well as any ID numbers
- Regularly check on pets when they’re in the yard. It only takes a moment for someone to jump a fence and steal an animal.
- Spay/neuter your pet to help prevent wandering or breeding theft.
- don’t leave any pet unattended in a public place such as a parking lot or grocery store.

### **Online Identify Theft and Fraud**

- Never carry extra credit cards, your Social Security card, birth certificate or passport with you unless you need them. Keep them in a secure place at home.
- Never give your social security number to anyone but the police or, if absolutely necessary, for banking or tax purposes. It is the key to your credit and banking accounts.
- Never leave your purse or wallet unattended ANYWHERE.
- Never loan your ATM or credit cards to anyone.
- Never give your PIN number to anyone or write it on your card.
- Never give your credit card number or other personal information over the phone or computer unless you have initiated contact and know the organization is reputable.
- Close unused or unwanted credit card accounts.
- Shred all pre-approved credit applications you receive in the mail. Shred all credit card receipts.
- Pay attention to your financial and medical account statements and look for any unusual activity.
- Keep all financial documents including checks and bank books in a secure place.
- Pay bills online through secure sites only. Look for the lock and key security symbol on the page.
- Mail all letters and bill payments through a secure mailbox inside a post office.
- Contact the Better Business Bureau before you do business to check if an organization is legitimate. Do NOT just hire a random guy from the neighborhood to do repairs.
- Never speak to solicitors by yourself.
- Never invite anyone unknown into your home.
- Never loan your vehicle to someone unknown.
- Never send money to get money.
- If this happens to you:
  - Report it to the police immediately.
  - Contact all your financial and medical institutions.
  - Cancel old accounts and cards and get new ones with new numbers.

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# POLICE BLOTTER

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May 2016

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## COMMUNITY OUTREACH

C.O.P.S unit attended a Mothers' Day celebration at Bladensburg Elementary School.



Mothers' Day Celebration

C.O.P.S unit assisted Capital Food Bank with food distribution at Port Town's Elementary School.

## COPS

May 13, C.O.P.S unit spoke with residence at Newton Green Senior home about home safety and burglary prevention.

May 16, Conducted peer mediation between two students that was involved in fights throughout the Bladensburg community. Both student's parents attended the meeting. As a result, the issues were resolved with both juveniles shaking hands and parting as friends.

### School Visits

C.O.P.S unit conducted safety checks at all local school within the Town of Bladensburg.

### Enforcement

- Arrests -10
- Traffic Citations – 50
- Repair Orders - 19
- Loitering Notices (Bladen Plaza Shopping Center) - 6

### Police Explorer Troop 1742

The Bladensburg Police Explorers Post 1742 discussed issues about teen violence. The explorers learned how to report, recognized, and prevent teen violence.

The Explorers attended Police Week in Washington, DC. They had a chance to learn about different law enforcement agencies and their duties and responsibilities. They visited the FBI building and the Department of Justice. Once the Explorers finished the tour, we all participated in a game of soccer near Regan National Airport.

## THE BEAT

May 1, Lost Property in the 5600 block of Annapolis Road.

May 1, Vandalism in the 5300 block of Taylor Street.

May 2, Theft in the 4100 block of 53rd Place.

May 2, Domestic in the 5200 block of Newton Street.

May 2, Assault in the 5000 block of 57th Avenue.

May 3, Domestic the 5600 block of Emerson Street.

May 3, Theft in the 5500 block of Volta Avenue.

May 3, Warrant Service in the 5900 block of Emerson Street. An adult male was arrested.

May 4, Vandalism in the 5000 block of 57th Avenue.

May 4, Recovered Stolen Vehicle in the 4100 block of 51st Street.

May 4, Loitering in the 5400 block of Annapolis Road.

May 4, Fraud in the 4200 block of 54th Place.

May 4, Missing Person in the 5000 block of Townsend Way. Juvenile male returned home.

May 4, Warrant Service in the area of Annapolis/Landover Roads. An adult male was placed under arrest.

May 4, Domestic Dispute in the 5600 block of Emerson Street.

May 5, Stolen Vehicle in the 5000 block of 57th Avenue.

May 5, Theft in the 5600 block of Annapolis Road.

May 5, Suspicious Person in the 5400 block of Annapolis Road. Two loitering notices were issued.

May 5, Lost Property in the 5000 block of 57th Avenue.

May 5, Missing Person in the 4900 block of 56th Place.

May 6, Theft in the 5800 block of Annapolis Road.

May 6, Theft in the 5600 block of Emerson Street.

May 6, Loitering in the 5400 block of Annapolis Road. An adult male was arrested.

May 7, Theft in the 5000 block of 57th Avenue.

May 8, Vandalism in the 4300 block of Kenilworth Avenue.

May 8, Suspicious Person in the 4900 block of Annapolis Road.

May 8, Vandalism in the 4100 block of 55th Avenue.

May 9, Theft in the 5400 block of Annapolis Road.

May 9, Burglary in the 4100 block of 46th Street. Two adult males were arrested.

May 9, Domestic in the 5400 block of Taylor Street. An adult male was arrested.

May 9, Child Neglect in the 4200 block of 58th Avenue.

May 10, Suspicious Person in the area of Upshur/46th Streets.

May 10, Sex Offense in the 5000 block of 57th Avenue. Victim applied for criminal charges.

May 10, Trespassing in the 5000 block of Townsend Way. An adult male was arrested.

May 11, Vandalism in the 4800 block of Annapolis Road.

May 11, Vandalism in the 4900 block of Annapolis Road.

May 11, Suspicious Person in the 5400 block of Annapolis Road. An adult male was arrested.

May 11, Fight in the 5600 block of Annapolis Road.

May 12, Robbery in the 5400 block of Annapolis Road.

May 12, Theft in the 5400 block of Annapolis Road.

May 12, Drugs in the 5700 block of Emerson Street. An adult male was arrested.

May 12, Fraud in the 4900 block of Annapolis Road.

May 12, Liquor Violation in the 5400 block of Annapolis Road. An adult male was arrested.

May 12, Missing Person in the 5400 block of Annapolis Road.

May 12, Trespassing in the 5000 block of Townsend Way. Two adult males were arrested.

May 12, Drugs in the 5400 block of Annapolis Road. Two adult males were arrested.

May 13, Theft in the 4200 block of 58th Avenue.

May 13, Threats in the 5400 block of Varnum Street.

May 14, Robbery in the 4900 block of Annapolis Road.

May 14, Missing Person in the 5000 block of 57th Avenue.

May 14, Domestic Dispute in the 4300 block of 57th Avenue. An adult male was arrested.

May 15, Warrant Service in the 6000 block of Emerson Street. An adult male was arrested.

May 16, Domestic Assault in the 5600 block of Emerson Street. An adult male was arrested.

May 16, Warrant Service in the 5800 block of Annapolis Road. An adult male was arrested.

May 17, Theft in the 5000 block of 57th Avenue.  
May 17, Theft in the 5800 block of Annapolis Road.  
May 17, Suspicious Person in the 5400 block of Annapolis Road.  
May 17, Domestic Dispute in the 6000 block of Emerson Street.  
May 18, Stolen Vehicle in the 4200 block of 53rd Avenue.  
May 19, Warrant Service in the 5400 block of Taussig Road.  
May 19, Theft in the 4200 block of 58th Avenue.  
May 19, Suspicious Person in the area of 54th/ Taylor Street.  
May 20, Assault in the 4200 block of 58th Avenue.  
May 20, Stolen Vehicle in the 5800 block of Annapolis Road.  
May 20, Robbery in the 5400 block of Spring Road.  
May 21, Burglary in the 3900 block of 48th Street.  
May 21, Fraud in the 4900 block of Tilden Road.  
May 21, Theft in the area of Baltimore Avenue/ Tanglewood Drive.  
May 22, Disturbance in the 4200 block of 58th Avenue.  
May 22, Disturbance in the 4200 block of 58th Avenue.  
May 23, Liquor Violation in the 4900 block of Annapolis Road. An adult male was arrested.  
May 23, Burglary in the 4700 block of Varnum Street.  
May 23, Theft in the 4700 block of Varnum Street.  
May 23, Drugs in the 6000 block of Emerson Street.  
May 23, Found Property in the 5000 block Quincy Street.  
May 24, Robbery in the 4200 block 56th Place.

May 24, Vandalism in the 5000 block of 57th Avenue.  
May 24, Fraud in the 4400 block 54th Place.  
May 25, Theft in the 4300 block 57th Avenue.  
May 26, Domestic in the 6000 block Emerson Street.  
May 26, Suspicious Person in the 4800 block Annapolis Road.  
May 27, Theft in the area 54th Street/ Taussig Road.  
May 27, Warrant Service in the 4500 block of Annapolis Road. An adult female was arrested.  
May 27, Domestic in the 6000 block of Emerson Street.  
May 28, Theft in the 5300 block of Newton Street.  
May 28, Theft in the 5300 block of Newton Street.  
May 28, Fraud in the 5700 block of Emerson Street.  
May 28, Disturbance in the 4900 block of Annapolis Road.  
May 29, Vandalism in the 3800 block of Kenilworth Avenue.  
May 29, Lost Property 4500 block of Annapolis Road.  
May 30, Check Person in the 5600 block of Annapolis Road.  
May 31, Domestic in the 4200 block of 58th Avenue.

## INVESTIGATIONS

On May 9, 2016, patrol officers ended the crime spree of Travis Garland Boylston, Jr. (25) and Thomas Ray Boarman (27) of Mechanicsville, St. Mary's County, Maryland.



Travis Garland  
Boylston, Jr.



Thomas Ray  
Boarman

The evening began by stealing a truck from Lexington Park, St. Mary's County, Maryland. They purchased LSD and other drugs from a local drug dealer. Then they drove to a parking lot in Waldorf, Maryland, where various property was stolen from parked vehicles.

Garland and Boarman used a crowbar to force entry into their former employer, Insul-Tech, Inc., 4109 46th Street, Bladensburg.

Patrol officers spotted the stolen pickup truck and open building. After an exhaustive search with the assistance of several canine dogs, Garland and Boarman were found hiding inside the building.

Garland and Boarman were charged with the commercial burglary and remanded to the custody of the Department of Corrections. They also face additional criminal charges in Charles and Saint Mary's Counties.

Investigators determined the motive for their evenings crime spree was to acquire money to support their drug addiction.

The evening of May 12, 2016, Operation Spring Cleaning really got into full swing in the Autumn Woods area. A focused enforcement effort of law enforcement officers from Bladensburg, Metro Transit Authority, and Prince George's County police departments to address drug trafficking, loitering, drinking-in-public, and disorderly conduct.

### Operation Spring Cleaning Results

Charged with violations of the Controlled Dangerous Substances Act:

- Markeno Taylor (28) of Hyattsville
- Robert Steven Schine (18) of Riverdale
- David Jerome Richardson (26) of Bladensburg
- Abibu Zine (33) of Bowie

Charged with Trespassing:

- Sterling Van Fonville (21) of Washington, DC
- Anthony Edward Lee (23) of Bladensburg

Charged with Public Drinking:

- Anthony Michael Childress (40) of Bladensburg

An additional five people received loitering citations. They reside in Cheverly, Hyattsville, Landover Hills, and the District of Columbia.

## Message from the Chief of Police

### New Laws for 2016

HB 157/SB 160 Death or Life-Threatening Injury by Motor Vehicle-Subsequent Offender Penalties – effective date 10/1/2016

- Establishes the following subsequent offender penalties:
  - Refusals: 270 day suspension for the first offense and a 2 year suspension for the second and subsequent offenses. The driver may choose to participate in the Ignition Interlock System Program for 1 year instead of having the license suspended.

HB 773 Drunk and Drugged Driving-effective 10/1/2016

- Testimony from an officer that the officer witnessed the taking of the blood specimen, and reasonably believed the person was a qualified medical person is sufficient evidence that the person is a qualified medical person.

HB 98/SB156 Participation in Court Proceedings-Retaliation-effective date 10/1/2016

- Prohibits a person from intentionally harming , threatening to harm, or damaging or destroying property with the intent or retaliating against a juror, officer of the court of the State or the United States for any reason relating to the performance of the juror's or officer's official duties in a pending or completed case.
  - Prohibits a person from soliciting another person to engage in these activities

HB 409 Providing Alcohol to Underage Drinkers-effective date 10/1/2016

- Prohibits an adult from (1) knowingly and willingly allowing a person under 21 years old to possess or consume an alcoholic beverage at a residence that the adult owns or leases and in which the adult resides, or (2) furnishing an alcoholic beverage to a person under 21 years old for the purpose of consumption by that person, if the adult knew or reasonably should have known that the person would operate a motor vehicle, the person did in fact operate a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or while impaired by alcohol, and caused serious injury or death to another.

SB 283 Cruelty to Animals-Implement of Dog Fighting-effective date 10/1/2016

- Prohibits a person from possessing with the intent to unlawfully use an "implement of dog fighting," which includes (1) a breaking stick, (2) a cat mill, (3) a spring pole, (4) a fighting pit or other confined area to contain a dog fight, (5) a breeding stand, (6) or any other device commonly used for training, preparation, breeding, and conditioning for dog fights.

### REVISED PROVISIONS RELATED TO CRIMINAL PROVISIONS

HB 565 Possession of Marijuana Less Than 10 Grams-effective date 10/1/2016

- Clarifies that possession of 10 or more grams of Marijuana is a misdemeanor
- Bowling v. State, March, 2016, confirms that the odor of Marijuana is still Probable Cause to search.

### DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

HB 155 Stalking-effective date 10/1/2016

- Expands the definition of stalking to include a malicious course of conduct that includes approaching or pursuing another person where the person intends to cause or knows or reasonably should have known that the conduct

## HB 314 Peace Order Grounds for Relief-effective date 10/1/2016

- Adds the following offenses to the list of offenses for which an individual may seek a peace order: Misuse of telephone facilities and equipment; Misuse of electronic communication or interactive computer service; Revenge porn; and Visual surveillance.

## CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT

### HB 245 Failure to Report-effective date 10/1/2016

- Requires that if agency is participating in a child abuse or neglect investigation and has substantial grounds to believe that a healthcare practitioner, police officer, educator, or human service worker has knowingly failed to make a report of suspected abuse or neglect, the agency must file a complaint with the worker's licensing board, law enforcement agency, county board of education, or other agency, institution, or licensed facility, as appropriate, at which the worker is employed.

## SB 1005 JUSTICE REINVESTMENT ACT

### Sentencing Policies-effective date 10/1/2017

- Possession Controlled Dangerous Substance-reduces the maximum penalties for misdemeanor possession and administration of a controlled dangerous substance
- Possession of Marijuana 10+ grams-reduces the maximum penalties for possession of Marijuana 10 grams or more to 6 months/\$1,000
- Driving on a Suspended License..changes the maximum penalties for the following bolded driving suspended offenses to non-incarcerable, \$500 fine, must-appear citation. The maximum penalties for the unbolded offenses remain at 1 year, \$1,000 fine, must appear citation.
  - 6-303(a) Refused license
  - 16-303(b) Canceled license
  - 16-303(c) Suspended license generally
  - 16-303(d) Revoked license
  - 16-303(e) License cancelled by other states
  - 16-303(f) License suspended by other states
  - 16-303(g) License revoked by other states
  - 16-303(h) License suspended because of lapse/termination of required security; failure to comply with traffic citations; failure to comply with traffic citation issued under federal law; nonpayment of fine
  - 16-303(i): License suspended by another state for failure to appear or pay fine in that state
- Theft Offenses – the property values and penalties for theft are altered as follows:
  - Theft \$1,500 to less than \$25,000, the penalty is now 5 years/\$10,000 fine
  - Theft \$25,000-\$100,000, the penalty is now 10 years/\$15,000 fine
  - Theft \$100,000 or more, the penalty is now 20 years/\$25,000 fine
  - Theft under \$1,000 has been changed to theft under \$1,500. The maximum penalty for theft under \$1,500 is as follows:

- 151 Offense: 6 months/\$500 fine
- Second or subsequent offense: 1 year/\$500 fine.
- Theft under \$100 remains unchanged.
- Similar changes are applied to provisions regarding bad checks, credit cards, identity fraud, counterfeiting.

## DRUNK AND DRUGGED DRIVING LAWS

### SB 945 Drunk Driving Reduction Act (Noah's Law)-effective date 10/1/2016

- Requires a person convicted of (1) driving under the influence of alcohol or under the influence of alcohol per se, or (2) homicide by a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, impaired by alcohol, or impaired by a drug, combination of drugs, or a combination of one or more drugs and alcohol to participate in the Ignition Interlock System Program as follows:
  - 6 months for the first time that the individual is required to participate
  - 1 year for the second time that the individual is required to participate
  - 3 years for the third time that the individual is required to participate
  - All individuals who are required to participate in Ignition Interlock System Program will have their license indefinitely suspended until they successfully complete the program.
- Requires a person convicted of (1) driving impaired by alcohol or (2) impaired by a drug, combination of drugs, or a combination of one or more drugs and alcohol to participate in the Ignition Interlock System Program for 1 year if the trier of fact finds that the person refused a test.
- Administrative penalties are also changed as follows:
  - Per se offenses: 0.08 to .14 is a 180 day suspension. The driver may choose to participate in the Ignition Interlock System Program for 180 days instead of requesting a hearing or upon suspension or revocation.
  - Per se offenses: 0.15 and above is a 180 day suspension for the first offense and a 270 day suspension for the second and subsequent offenses. The driver may choose to participate in the Ignition Interlock System Program for 1 year instead of requesting a hearing or upon suspension or revocation.

## Events and Meetings

- May 4, Council work session on parking.
- May 10, Fourth Annual Fallen Heros Memorial Service, DeMatha Catholic High School.
- May 30, Memorial Day Commemoration.
- Attended all staff meetings.

Fourth Annual Fallen Heros Memorial Service  
 Police Chiefs` Association of Prince George's County  
 DeMatha Catholic High School  
 Hysttsville, Maryland

**Roll Call of the Fallen Heroes**

	End of Watch	Agency
Special Agent Arthur J. Sanderson	12/29/1932	United States Department of Justice
Officer Edward D. Merson	9/1/1937	Prince George's County Police Department
Sergeant Ellsworth D. Dryden	10/7/1938	Maryland State Police
Officer Charles F. Caldwell	6/12/1948	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer Alfred W. Steinat	5/2/1963	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer Joseph K. Brown	2/19/1966	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer John W. Leatherbury, Jr.	3/21/1968	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer William R. Clements	11/30/1968	Seat Pleasant Police Department
Officer Robert E. Yeszerski	11/30/1968	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer William W. Gullett, Jr.	2/16/1969	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer Raymond L. Hawkins	2/15/1972	United States Park Police
Officer Carroll D. Garrison	2/20/1973	Prince George's County Police Department
Trooper First Class Donald E. Parkerson, Jr.	9/18/1973	Maryland State Police
Trooper Charles S. Rathell	9/18/1973	Maryland State Police
Trooper Mart Hudson, Jr.	6/16/1975	Maryland State Police
Deputy Mark C. Feathersone	4/22/1976	Calvert County Sheriff's Office
Officer Albert M. Claggett, IV	6/26/1978	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer James B. Swart	6/26/1978	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer Antonio M. Kelsey	2/2/1980	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer Raymond Hubbard	2/8/1982	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer Allan D. Johnson	12/8/1982	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer Robert K. Best	12/15/1982	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer Carlton X. Fletcher	6/12/1983	Prince George's County Police Department
Major Richard J. Beavers	11/29/1983	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer Robert John King	6/18/1984	Hyattsville City Police Department
Officer James L. Gordon	12/14/1987	Metropolitan police Department
Officer Mark K. Murphy	9/1/1988	Prince George's County Police Department
Corporal Harry L. Kinikin, Jr.	1/13/1990	Prince George's County Police Department

## Roll Call of the Fallen Heroes

	End of Watch	Agency
Officer Ryan C. Johnson	4/22/1992	Prince George's County Police Department
Lieutenant Roger P. Fleming	10/27/1982	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer Harry Davis, Jr.	10/20/1993	Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority
Sergeant John L. Bagileo	2/28/1994	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer John J. Novabilski	4/26/1995	Prince George's County Police Department
Special Agent William Christian, Jr.	5/29/1995	Federal Bureau of Investigation
Corporal Amos Williams, Jr.	12/31/1996	DC Department of Corrections
Officer Oliver W. Smith, Jr.	2/26/1997	Metropolitan Police Department
Trooper Raymond G. Armstead, Jr.	3/26/1998	Maryland State Police
Postal Inspector Robert F. Jones, Jr.	7/14/2000	United States Postal Inspection
Officer Kilonzo Musili Masembwa	11/10/2000	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer Hakim A. Farthing	8/10/2002	United States Park Police
Deputy James V. Amaud	8/29/2002	Prince George's County Sheriff's Office
Deputy Elizabeth L. Magruder	8/29/1982	Prince George's County Sheriff's Office
Sergeant Anthony M. Walker	11/15/2003	Prince George's County Police Department
Trooper First Class Anthony Jones	5/9/2004	Maryland State Police
Sergeant Clifton Rife, II	6/2/2004	Metropolitan Police Department
Sergeant Steven F. Gaughan	6/21/2005	Prince George's County Police Department
Corporal Richard Findley	6/27/2008	Prince George's County Police Department
Trooper First Class Mickey C. Lippy	9/28/2008	Maryland State Police
Pilot Stephen H. Bunker	9/28/2008	Maryland State Police
Corporal Thomas P. Jensen	3/9/2010	Prince George's County Police Department
Trooper First Class Wesley Brown	6/11/2010	Maryland State Police
Officer Adrian A. Morris	8/20/2012	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer Brennan R. Rabain	3/7/2015	Prince George's County Police Department
Officer Jacai D. Colson	3/13/2016	Prince George's County Police Department

**RESPECT**

**HONOR**

**REMEMBER**

## Statistical Abstract

<b>Traffic Enforcement</b>	May 2016
Vehicle Stops	137
Citations	74
Warnings	95
Repair Orders	46
Total Violations	215
Parking Citations	20
Vehicle Impounds	3

<b>Automobile Collisions</b>	
Fatality	0
Injury	5
Property Damage	32
Pedestrian	2
Hit & Run	22
Total Collisions	61

<b>Departmental Activity</b>	
Arrests	21
Assigned to Calls (in hours)	1,633
Calls for Service	725
Court Appearances (in hours)	26
Mutual Aid (in hours)	-
Off-Duty Response (in hours)	1
Prisoner Processing (in hours)	41
Self Initiated Service (in hours)	228
Special Activity (in hours)	27
Training (in hours)	73

# 2015 Criminal Victimization

## HIGHLIGHTS

### Violent crime

- ❑ The rate of violent crime decreased from 10.24 victimizations per 1,000 in 2014 to 8.77 per 1,000 in 2015.
- ❑ The rate of violent crime decreased from 2010 to 2015 by 38.8%.

### Property Crime

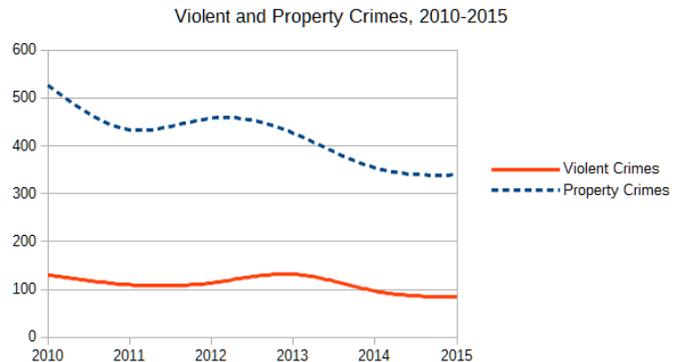
- ❑ No significant change occurred in the rate of property crime from 2014 (37.37 victimizations per 1,000) to 2015 (35.48 per 1,000).

### Prevalence of crime

- ❑ In 2015, 0.1% of all residents (9.6 persons) experience at least one violent victimization.
- ❑ An estimated 2.19% (209 persons) experienced at least one or more violent victimization in 2015.
- ❑ An estimated 8.9% (341 persons) experienced at least one or more property victimizations in 2015.
- ❑ The prevalence rate of violent victimization declined from 2.5% of population in 2014 to 2.19% in 2015.
- ❑ The prevalence rate of property victimization declined from 9.24% of population to 8.9% in 2015.

In 2015 residents experienced an estimated 8.77 violent victimizations and 35.48 property victimizations. There was a significant change in the overall rate of violent crime, defined as rape or sexual assault, robbery, aggravated assault, and simple assault, from 2014 (10.24 per 1,000) to 2015. Since 2010, the rate of violent crime declined from 14.32 to 8.77 victimizations per 1,000 in population.

There was no significant change in the overall rate of property crime rate, which includes burglary, theft and motor vehicle theft, from 2014 (37.37 victimizations per 1,000) to 2015 (35.48 per 1,000). Since 2010, the rate of property crime declined from 57.61 victimizations per 1,000 to 35.48 per 1,000.



### Reported Violent Crimes

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Assault	90	71	71	91	66	59
Forcible Rape	1	2	2	0	0	1
Homicide	1	2	2	1	1	1
Robbery	39	35	39	40	30	23
Total	131	110	114	132	97	84

**Reported Property Crimes**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>
Burglary	123	90	103	98	65	53
Larceny-Theft	286	236	274	249	218	230
Motor Vehicle Theft	118	108	81	80	71	57
Total	527	434	458	427	354	340

**Violent Crimes per 1,000 in population**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>
Assault	9.84	7.76	7.65	9.71	10.24	6.16
Forcible Rape	0.11	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.10
Homicide	0.11	0.22	0.22	0.11	0.11	0.10
Robbery	4.26	3.81	4.20	4.27	3.17	2.40

**Property Crimes per 1,000 in population**

	<b>2010</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>
Burglary	13.45	9.80	11.10	10.46	6.86	5.53
Larceny-Theft	31.26	25.71	29.52	26.58	23.01	24.00
Motor Vehicle Theft	12.90	11.76	8.73	8.54	7.49	5.95

Town of Bladensburg  
Population Estimates  
U.S. Census 2010

Victimization  
2010 to 2015

<u>Population</u>		<u>Crime Victims</u>	
2010 <sup>1</sup>	9148	Residents	1,876 49%
2011 <sup>2</sup>	9181	Non Residents	1,956 51%
2012	9281		
2013	9269	<u>Adult Arrests</u>	
2014	9473	Residents	404 28%
2015	9583	Non Residents	1,022 72%

<sup>1</sup>U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 population census estimate.

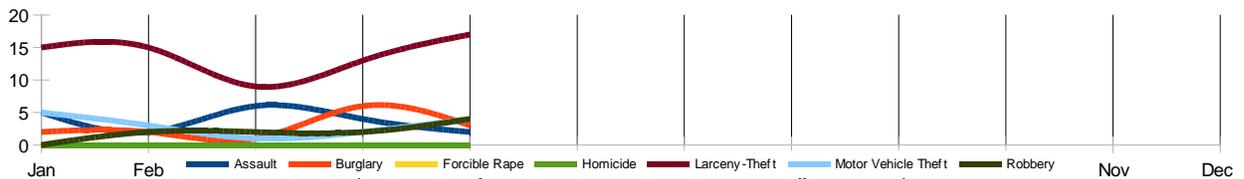
<sup>2</sup>Years 2011 through 2015 are estimated changes in population (estimates base) .

**Bladensburg Police Department  
Part 1 Offense Comparison**

<b>2015</b>	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
Assault	9	5	3	6	11	3	9	11	14	7	5	8	91
Burglary	18	8	10	3	11	7	8	7	4	6	12	4	98
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Homicide	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Larceny-Theft	29	13	9	19	31	21	15	16	21	28	19	28	249
Motor Vehicle Theft	5	5	5	5	5	7	6	4	6	10	19	3	80
Robbery	5	3	1	0	5	1	4	2	4	7	4	4	40
<b>Total</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>559</b>

<b>2016</b>	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
Assault	5	2	6	4	2								19
Burglary	2	2	1	6	3								14
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0								0
Homicide	0	0	0	0	0								0
Larceny-Theft	15	15	9	13	17								69
Motor Vehicle Theft	5	3	1	2	4								15
Robbery	0	2	2	2	4								10
<b>Total</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>127</b>						

<b>Variance</b>	Jan	Feb	Mar	April	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
Assault	-44.44%	-60.00%	100.00%	-33.33%	-81.82%								-79.12%
Burglary	-88.89%	-75.00%	-90.00%	100.00%	-72.73%								-85.71%
Forcible Rape	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%								0.00%
Homicide	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-100.00%	0.00%								-100.00%
Larceny-Theft	51.72%	115.38%	100.00%	68.42%	54.84%								-72.29%
Motor Vehicle Theft	0.00%	-40.00%	-80.00%	-60.00%	-20.00%								-81.25%
Robbery	-100.00%	-33.33%	100.00%	200.00%	-20.00%								-75.00%
<b>Monthly Comparison</b>	<b>-39</b>	<b>-10</b>	<b>-9</b>	<b>-7</b>	<b>-33</b>								<b>-432</b>
	<b>-59.09%</b>	<b>-29.41%</b>	<b>-32.14%</b>	<b>-20.59%</b>	<b>-52.38%</b>								<b>-77.28%</b>



# Thank a cop

By **Rod J. Rosenstein**

MAY 26, 2016, 9:08 AM

**L**aw enforcement is indispensable to a civilized society. Unfortunately, we often take for granted the many extraordinary men and women who provide it. National Police Week, which concludes Saturday, is a good time to thank police officers for their invaluable service.

President John F. Kennedy issued the first Police Week proclamation in 1962. He noted that "law enforcement agencies play an essential role in safeguarding the rights and freedoms which have been guaranteed by the Constitution to every American citizen."

Police agencies were less professional in those days, with fewer policies and procedures. And police were not constrained by some of the federal constitutional protections we now consider fundamental. Criminal defendants had no right to remain silent or obtain counsel in state courts; the Miranda warning was not mandatory; and officers were not required to disclose exculpatory evidence. There was plenty of room for improvement.

Nonetheless, President Kennedy encouraged citizens to honor police officers "who by their faithful and loyal devotion to their responsibilities have rendered a dedicated service to their communities and, in so doing, have established for themselves an enviable and enduring reputation for preserving the rights and security of all citizens."

This year, at Maryland's Fallen Heroes Day ceremony, we paid tribute to four officers who recently suffered violent deaths in the line of duty. Each hero died while protecting other people from danger. Patrick Dailey, Mark Logsdon and Jacai Colson were shot after armed men opened fire on police, and Noah Leotta was hit by a drunk driver. Over the decade that I have attended Maryland's annual ceremony, we have never witnessed so many officers killed by criminals.

Police officers never know what dangers the next call will bring. The work can be stressful, demanding and frightening for officers and their families.

The physical challenges are obvious. Officers wrestle suspects who are bigger and stronger. They confront violent people who are angry, drug-addled and mentally ill. They struggle with criminals who conceal guns, knives and other contraband in every conceivable place.

The job comes with emotional challenges as well. Officers pull people out of burning vehicles, hold the hands of dying strangers and interview children about sexual assaults. They deliver death notifications. They pursue armed suspects through dark alleys and narrow hallways.

Policing is also intellectually challenging. Officers need to make instinctive decisions on dangerous streets, instantaneously interpreting laws that attorneys spend hours debating in peaceful offices.

The life of a police officer is rarely glamorous. They work day shifts and night shifts, on weekends and holidays, in blizzards and rainstorms, during parades and riots. Their offices never close. And they always need to be at their best, especially when other people are at their worst.

Most officers live modestly. Many work second jobs and commute long distances so they can raise their children in a safe neighborhood where they don't run into suspects at the playground and the grocery store.

As in every vocation, there are some bad officers and flawed procedures. My respect for the police is far from naive. I have supervised more prosecutions of law enforcement officers than anyone in the history of our state. And I have worked with police departments to improve training and implement focused enforcement.

But my belief in the fundamental decency of most police officers is not undermined when I prosecute corrupt officers, identify deficient guidance, and critique imperfect strategies. My confidence is not shaken by exceptions because it is not premised on faith. It is based on a quarter century of experience with thousands of officers who demonstrate remarkable skill, rectitude and devotion to duty.

In any ranking of professions based on the character and integrity of the average member, policing is near the top of the list. Select an officer at random, and the odds are that you will find someone who is more honorable, reliable, principled and trustworthy than the average citizen.

Many people fear the police, for understandable reasons. A poem often read at officers' funerals laments, "I know I don't deserve a place, among the people here; they never wanted me around, except to calm their fear." Police officers do not stop motorists to congratulate them for obeying traffic laws, and nobody calls 911 to report that everything is OK.

But when danger lurks or tragedy strikes, people hope to find a police officer nearby. So when you see officers on the job, let them know that you appreciate their work. If nothing is wrong, tell them. They will be grateful to hear the good news.

*Rod J. Rosenstein is the United States Attorney for Maryland.*

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